## Exhibit 20 Example of Plagiarized Electricity

Mathematical physics postulate that electricity consists of discrete electron beads moving

from atom to atom along a wire from negative to positive terminal.

Originality: The Plaintiffs hypothesize, instead, that electricity consists of clockwise (CW)

and counter-clockwise (CCW) rotations of merged electron shells that comprise a

conductive wire.

Plagiarism: The Defendants copied this model almost verbatim from Plaintiffs' book and

uploaded a video of the mechanism to Youtube:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7PuyCijXQgA .

Plaintiffs' videos of the theory are referenced in the video description.

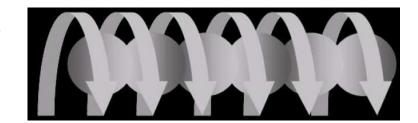
## Plaintiffs [Electricity]

"all kinds of bonds in thread and shell theory whether ionic, covalent, or metallic are some variation of the merged-shell type. This requires atoms that constitute a wire to be in physical contact with each other, shell to shell. A potential applied on the first shell of the wire induces this shell to spin in a specified direction, for example CW. The next shell merged to the first one is also induced to spin CW, and so on.

Valence electron shells in contact with each other spin in situ, taking the signal from one end of the wire to the other through each atom... electrical conduction consists of a continuous line of spinning electron shells forming a standing serpentine. Electricity is not a flowing river of particles, but rather a drill bit twirling in place." B. Gaede, WGDE, 2000/2008, p. 303.

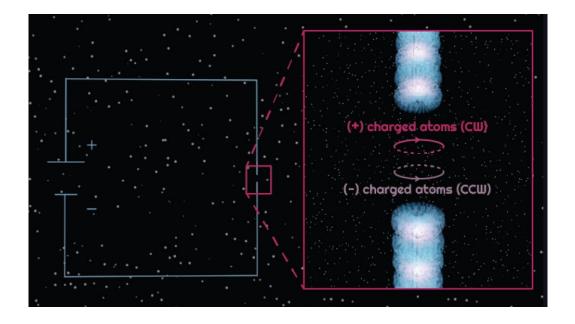
The electron serpentine

Rotation of a string of coupled electron shells.



## **Defendants** [Electricity]

"The circuit... is composed of single-file hydrogens. We can consider the hydrogens ionized and illustrate this as enmeshed electron shells... showing shared electrons between atoms... the electron columns at either terminal rotate... This rotation illustrates... the concept of "charge," ... in this example clockwise (CCW) rotation represents positive (+) charge and counter-clockwise (CW) is negative (-) charge. The arbitrary assignment of sign to CW or CCW rotation is unimportant... The essential feature is... cohesive rotation... the actual electron shells are, in fact, rotating." A. Bendebury, M. DeLay, How Does Electricity Work? May 10, 2020.



Note placed in the article on or about April 15, 2020: "...the above model for electricity presented here was inspired in part by the ideas of Bill Gaede